Illumination device with at least one LED as the light source

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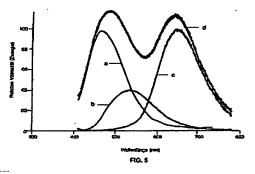
US6670748 (B2)
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Abstract of EP1296376

White light emitting diode (LED) converting short wave radiation into longer wave radiation uses doped nitrides, oxynitrides and station phosphors. The phosphor comprises cation (M) and a silicon nitride or nitride derivative. The wavelength of peak emission is 430-670 nm. The cation is partially replaced by dopant (D) i.e. europium (Eu2+) or cerium (Co3+). The cation is a bivalent metal e.g. barium (Ba), calcium (Ca), strontium (Sr) and/or a trivalent metal e.g. tutetium (Lu), lanthanum (La), gadolinium (Gd) or yttrium (Y). The phosphor originates from one of the following classes: nitride structure MSi3N5, M2Si4N7, M4Si6N11, M9Si11N23; 0xynitride structure M16Si15OfN32; sialons MSiAl2O3N2, M13Si18Al12O18N36, MSi5Al2ON9 and M3Si5AlON10. An Independent claim is included for pigments exhibiting daylight fluorescence, based on the foregoing substances.



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